Safety Data Sheet
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878
MICRORESINA (A)
Date of first edition: 3/9/2021
Safety Data Sheet dated 27/02/2025
version 3

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MICRORESINA (A)

Trade code: 001059004 04

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: resin

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.
Via dell'Artigianato, 9
41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY
Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581
safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Poison information centre: 01 809 2166 (Daily 8am-10pm) In case of emergency call 999 or 112

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Aquatic Chronic 3 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

No other hazards

2.2. Label elements

Hazard statements

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Special Provisions:

EUH208 Contains Hydroxyphenyl benzotriazole derivatives. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains 1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1). May produce an allergic reaction.

EUH208 Contains 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one. May produce an allergic reaction.

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/j): 140 g/l

This product contains max 115.89 g/l VOC.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

None.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Other Hazards: Contains biocidal product: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1); OIT; IPBC; The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments. Possible skin exposure must be avoided. Protective gloves and work clothes are required. Avoid releasing product into the environment. When washing work equipment, water must not be dispersed in the soil or on surface water

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: MICRORESINA (A)

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥5-<10 %	(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	CAS:34590-94-8 EC:252-104-2	Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit.	01-2119450011-60
≥3-<5 %	nano-3-hydroxy-N-(o-tolyl)-4-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)azo]naphthalene-2-carboxamide	CAS:6535-46-2 EC:229-440-3	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	01-2119456820-39
≥0.5-<1 %	Hydroxyphenyl benzotriazole derivatives	EC:400-830-7 Index:607-176-00-3	Aquatic Chronic 2, H411; Skin Sens. 1, H317	01-0000015075-76
≥0.3-<0.5 %	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS:112-34-5 EC:203-961-6 Index:603-096-00-8	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	01-2119475104-44
≥0.1-<0.15 %	2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine	CAS:108-01-0 EC:203-542-8 Index:603-047-00-0	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H302 Acute Tox. 3, H331 Acute Tox. 4, H312 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 5%: STOT SE 3 H335	
≥0.1-<0.15 %	(Z)-9-octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	CAS:9004-98-2 EC:500-016-2	Skin Irrit. 2, H315; Aquatic Acute 1, H400, M-Acute:1	01-2120139360-66
<0.05 %	Quartz	CAS:14808-60-7 EC:238-878-4	STOT RE 1, H372	
<0.036 %	1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS:2634-33-5 EC:220-120-9 Index:613-088-00-6	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.036%: Skin Sens. 1A H317 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 450mg/kg bw ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist): 0.21mg/l	01-2120761540-60
<0.036 %	3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	CAS:55406-53-6 EC:259-627-5 Index:616-212-00-7	Acute Tox. 4, H302; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Skin Sens. 1, H317; Aquatic Acute 1, H400; Aquatic Chronic 1, H410; Acute Tox. 3, H331; STOT RE 1, H372, M-Chronic:1, M-Acute:10	
<0.01 %	Pyrithione zinc	CAS:13463-41-7 EC:236-671-3 Index:613-333-00-7	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H301 STOT RE 1, H372 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Repr. 1B, H360, M-Chronic:10, M-Acute:1000	

			Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 221mg/kg bw	
<0.0015 %	reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS:55965-84-9 Index:613-167-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 2, H310 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1C, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410, M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100, EUH071 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.6%: Skin Corr. 1C H314 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Skin Irrit. 2 H315 C ≥ 0.6%: Eye Dam. 1 H318 0.06% ≤ C < 0.6%: Eye Irrit. 2 H319 C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317	
<0.0015 %	ethanediol; ethylene glycol	CAS:107-21-1 EC:203-473-3	Acute Tox. 4, H302; STOT RE 2, H373	01-2119456816-28
<0.0015 %	2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS:26530-20-1 EC:247-761-7 Index:613-112-00-5	Acute Tox. 2, H330 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Acute Tox. 3, H301 Skin Corr. 1, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 Corrosive to the respiratory tract., M-Chronic:100, M-Acute:100 Specific Concentration Limits: C ≥ 0.0015%: Skin Sens. 1A H317 Acute Toxicity Estimate: ATE - Oral: 125mg/kg bw ATE - Dermal: 311mg/kg bw	

Substances in nanoform:

nano-3-hydroxy-N-(o-tolyl)-4-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)azo]naphthalene-2-carboxamide	CAS:6535-46-2 EC:229-440-3	Particle size distribution:	D10: > 10 nm < 60 nm D50: > 10 nm < 80 nm D90: > 30 nm < 120 nm
		Shape and aspect ratio:	Platelets, 1:3
		Crystallinity:	
		Surface Treatment - Agent:	N.A.
		Surface Treatment - Process:	N.A.
		Specific surface area:	> 5m2/g < 80m2/g

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Wash with plenty of water and soap.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

N.A.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

N.A.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO_2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

None in particular

Industrial sector specific solutions:

None in particular

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol CAS: 34590-94-8	ACGIH		Long Term: 50 ppm (8h) Liver & CNS eff

EU		Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm (8h) Skin
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm D Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm koža Source: 2000/39/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm DFG, EU, 11, 1(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 307 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 614 mg/m3 - 100 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 270 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 550 mg/m3 D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 309 mg/m3 - 50 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm A Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 310 mg/m3 - 50 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020

	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 600 mg/m3 - 100 ppm; Short Term: 900 mg/m3 - 150 ppm Δ Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 EU1, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm O Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm H E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 240 mg/m3; Short Term: 480 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 450 mg/m3 - 75 ppm H, V Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 300 mg/m3 - 50 ppm VR Yeux Nez / AW Auge Nase, NIOSH, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 308 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Talc (Mg3H2(SiO3)4) CAS: 14807-96-6	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h) Containing no asbestos fibers$ E,R, A4 - Pulm fibrosis, pulm func
	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 2.5 mg/m3 (8h)
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Respirable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.8 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 fracțiune respirabilă Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 d, e Source: LEP 2022

	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	0, 3 fiber/cm3, K Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	8h: 0.5 kuitua/cm3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 hengittyvä pöly Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 εισπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 αναπν. Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 0.25 mg/m3 Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 6), 18) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), SSC, Formel / Formal, OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Barium sulfate CAS: 7727-43-7	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 (8h)
	ACGIH		Long Term: 5 mg/m3 (8h) I, E - Pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 e Source: LEP 2022

	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 10) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1.5 mg/m3 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), Formel / Formal Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Kaolin CAS: 1332-58-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h) E,R, A4 - Pneumoconiosis
	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 (8h) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica.
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 alveolijae Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 112-34-5	ACGIH		Long Term: 10 ppm (8h) IFV - Hematologic, liver and kidney eff
	EU		Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm (8h); Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm 15(Miw), 4x, MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.

NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 70 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m3 I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm E Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 EU2, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 100 mg/m3 - 15 ppm; Short Term: 200 mg/m3 - 30 ppm Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 50 mg/m3; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm E Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m3; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 68 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 67 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101 mg/m3 - 15 ppm SSC, Rein Sang Foie / Niere Blut Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: 2006/15/EZ
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 67 mg/m3 - 10 ppm EU, DFG, Y, 11, 1, 5 (I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 202/Α` 23.8.2007
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 12 ppm IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021

	NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: S.L.424.24
	NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Dir. 2006/15 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm Y, EU2 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 67.5 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 101.2 mg/m3 - 15 ppm VLI, r Source: LEP 2022
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N, N-dimethylethanolamine CAS: 108-01-0	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 7.4 mg/m3 - 2 ppm; Short Term: 22 mg/m3 - 6 ppm Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 7.4 mg/m3 - 2 ppm; Short Term: 22 mg/m3 - 6 ppm Source: NN 1/2021
Magnesium carbonate CAS: 546-93-0	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 (8h) This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 U Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 F Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a) Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl),α-hydro-ω-hydroxy- Ethane-1, 2-diol, ethoxylated CAS: 25322-68-3	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 200 mg/m3 DFG, Y, E, 2 (II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1000 mg/m3

			Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 500 mg/m3 SSC, Mcorp / KG Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
Dolomite CAS: 16389-88-1	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 4), 7) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
Quartz CAS: 14808-60-7	ACGIH		Long Term: 0.025 mg/m3 (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	INDIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 (8h)
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). Rif:D.Lgs 81/2008 Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 Respirable fraction Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, III C, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Žiūrėti 1 priedo 3 punktą. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m3 (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248

	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), C1A, SSC, P, Cancpulm Silicose / Lugenkrebs Silikose, HSE NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
Quartz CAS: 14808-60-7	EU		Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile, frazione inalabile. (R), A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer. Directive 2017/2398
	ACGIH		Long Term: 0.025 mg/m3 (8h) R, A2 - Pulm fibrosis, lung cancer
	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable fraction
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable aerosol Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	INDIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 (8h) Polvere di silice cristallina respirabile (frazione inalabile). D.Lgs 81/2008 Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 (8h) Respirable fraction Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, III C, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 EK Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 1, C Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 alveolijae, liite 3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 La VLEP s'applique à la fraction alvéolaire. Forme de silice cristalline. Source: INRS outil65, article R. 4412-149 du Code du travail
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Žiūrėti 1 priedo 3 punktą. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m3 (2) Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst B1
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.3 mg/m3

			K 7 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 K G 7 21 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 6) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 C, M, 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.15 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), C1A, SSC, P, Cancpulm Silicose / Lugenkrebs Silikose, HSE NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
2-amino-2-methylpropanol CAS: 124-68-5	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 3 ppm Source: At-vejledning C.0.1-1
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 8.7 mg/m3 - 2.4 ppm; Short Term: 17.4 mg/m3 - 4.8 ppm R/H, SSC, Foie / Leber, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m3 - 1 ppm DFG, H, Y, 11, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 3.7 mg/m3 - 1 ppm; Short Term: 7.4 mg/m3 - 2 ppm K, Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.12 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm; Short Term: 0.24 mg/m3 - 0.02 ppm S, SSC, Cholin / Cholin, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.058 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm DFG, Y, Sh, 11, 2 (I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.058 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.116 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm Y Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
zinc oxide CAS: 1314-13-2	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h); Short Term: 10 mg/m3 R - Metal fume fever
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 MAK, A Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 5 mg/m3 Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999

	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 i, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 i, R Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.5 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 4) Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3; Short Term: 1 mg/m3 11) Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 5 mg/m3 3 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 3 mg/m3; Short Term: 3 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (a), Fimétal / Metallrauch, NIOSH OSHA Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 GVI: R Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 OEL (8-hour reference period) : R Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 (Fumuri) Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 2 mg/m3; Short Term: 10 mg/m3 d Source: LEP 2022
octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane CAS: 556-67-2	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	f Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
2,6-di-tert-butyl-p-cresol CAS: 128-37-0	ACGIH		Long Term: 2 mg/m3 (8h) IFV, A4 - URT irr
	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 (8h)
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	CROATIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: NN 1/2021
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 DFG, Y, 11, E, 4 (II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 40 mg/m3 Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: LEP 2022
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3

			MAK Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 50 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 20 mg/m3 Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 40 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), C1#B, SSC, Foie / Leber, Pas de risque accru de cancer si la VME est respectée. La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Kein erhöhtes Krebsrisiko bei Einhalten des MAK-Werts. Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen. Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
silicon dioxide, chemically prepared CAS: 7631-86-9	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 This value is for inhalable dust containing no asbestos and < 1% crystalline silica
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 2.4 mg/m3 Respirable fraction Source: 2021 Code of Practice
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 6 mg/m3 Inhalable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 2.4 mg/m3 Respirable aerosol Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 DFG, 2, Y, E Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	MAK Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 2 mg/m3 1 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1

	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	SSC, Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose, Des VMEs se trouvent sous les substances associées / MAK-Werte finden sich unter den zugeordneten Stoffen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), SSC, Fibpulm / Lungenfibrose Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 DFG; Long term and short term: inhalable fraction Source: TRGS900
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 MAK, Sh Source: GKV, BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), S, SSC, VRS Peau Yeux / OAW Haut Auge Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS: 107-21-1	ACGIH		Short Term: 10 mg/m3 I, H, A4 - URT irr
	EU		Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm (8h); Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Skin
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 26 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm 5(Mow), 8x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Кожа Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 50 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 100 mg/m3 D Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 26 mg/m3 - 10 ppm EH Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm A, 18 Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FINLAND	Long Term: 50 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 100 mg/m3 - 40 ppm iho Source: HTP-ARVOT 2020
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Risque de pénétration percutanée Source: INRS outil65, arrêté du 30-06-2004 modifié
	NATIONAL	GREECE	Long Term: 125 mg/m3 - 50 ppm; Short Term: 125 mg/m3 - 50 ppm Source: ΦΕΚ 94/Α` 13.5.1999
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 52 mg/m3; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 b, i, EU1, N Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 25 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 50 mg/m3 - 20 ppm O, Šis RD taikomas bendrai garų ir aerozolio koncentracijai. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 52 mg/m3; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NETHERLANDS	Long Term: 10 mg/m3; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 H Source: Arbeidsomstandighedenregeling - Lijst A
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm H E 5 S

		Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 15 mg/m3; Short Term: 50 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm K Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 25 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm H, 26 Source: AFS 2021:3
SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 26 mg/m3 - 10 ppm; Short Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm R/H, SSC, VRS Yeux / OAW Auge, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 10 mg/m3 Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
WEL-EH40	UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Sk Source: EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm D, M Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1
NATIONAL	CYPRUS	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm δέρμα Source: Οι περί Ασφάλειας και Υγείας στην Εργασία (Χημικοί Παράγοντες) Κανονισμοί του 2001 έως 2021
NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 26 mg/m3 - 10 ppm DFG, EU, H, Y, 11, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Sk, IOELV Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Cute Source: D.lgs. 81/2008, Allegato XXXVIII
NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Āda Source: KN325P1
NATIONAL	LUXEMBOURG	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Peau Source: Mémorial A n.226 du 22 mars 2021
NATIONAL	MALTA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm skin Source: S.L.424.24
NATIONAL	PORTUGAL	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm Cutânea Source: Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm P, Dir. 2000/39 Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm K, Y, EU1 Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 52 mg/m3 - 20 ppm; Short Term: 104 mg/m3 - 40 ppm

			vía dérmica, VLI Source: LEP 2022
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one CAS: 26530-20-1	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.05 mg/m3 Mow, MAK, H, S, E Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), R/H, S, VRS / OAW Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 DFG, H, Y, E, 2(I) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.1 mg/m3 K, Y, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
Pyridine-2-thiol 1-oxide, sodium salt CAS: 3811-73-2	NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3 DFG, H, Y, E, 2(II) Source: TRGS 900
	NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3; Short Term: 2 mg/m3 K, (I) Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 1 mg/m3; Short Term: 4 mg/m3 15(Miw), 4x, MAK, H Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 H Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	Long Term: 0.2 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.4 mg/m3 TWA mg/m3: (i), R/H, SSC, SNP / PNS Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 112-34-5	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 1.1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 11 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 110 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 200 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.4 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 440 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 320 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Secondary poisoning; PNEC Limit: 56 mg/kg
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine CAS: 108-01-0	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 66.1 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 66.1 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 6.61 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 52.9 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 17.7 µg/kg
(Z)-9-octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated CAS: 9004-98-2	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 1.9 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 100 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1.9 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 86.9 mg/kg

	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 86.9 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one CAS: 2634-33-5	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 4.03 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.1 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 403 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 110 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 1.03 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 49.9 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 4.99 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3 mg/kg
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 500 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 530 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 46 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 530 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 440 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 440 ng/L
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 90 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 90 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 9.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 9.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.02 mg/kg
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 3.39 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 230 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 27 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 10 µg/l
ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS: 107-21-1	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 1 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 10 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 199.5 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 37 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 3.7 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 1.53 mg/kg
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one CAS: 26530-20-1	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 2.2 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 1.22 µg/l

	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 220 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (marine water); PNEC Limit: 122 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 47.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 47.5 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 8.2 µg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Hydroxyphenyl benzotriazole derivatives	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 350 µg/m³; Consumer: 85 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 250 µg/kg; Consumer: 25 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 25 µg/kg
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether CAS: 112-34-5	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 67.5 mg/m³; Consumer: 40.5 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 67.5 mg/m³; Consumer: 40.5 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 101.2 mg/m³; Consumer: 60.7 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 83 mg/kg; Consumer: 50 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 5 mg/kg
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine CAS: 108-01-0	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 7.4 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 22 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 1.04 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 5 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 0.08 mg/cm²
(Z)-9-octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated CAS: 9004-98-2	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 294 mg/m³; Consumer: 87 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 2080 mg/kg; Consumer: 1250 mg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 25 mg/kg
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one CAS: 2634-33-5	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 6.81 mg/m³; Consumer: 1.2 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 966 µg/kg; Consumer: 345 µg/kg
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate CAS: 55406-53-6	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 23 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 70 µg/m³

	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 1.16 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 1.16 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 2 mg/kg
Pyrithione zinc CAS: 13463-41-7	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 10 µg/kg
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) CAS: 55965-84-9	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 20 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 40 µg/m³; Consumer: 20 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Consumer: 90 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Human Oral; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects Consumer: 110 µg/kg
ethanediol; ethylene glycol CAS: 107-21-1	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 35 mg/m³; Consumer: 7 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 106 mg/kg; Consumer: 53 mg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Not needed for normal use. Anyway, operate according good working practices.

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness ≥0,35mm; breakthrough time ≥480min.

Respiratory protection:

N.A.

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: In compliance with the product description

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: =7.50

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 100 °C (212 °F)

Flash point: > 93°C

Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.

Relative vapour density: N.A.

Vapour pressure: N.A.

Density and/or relative density: 1.09 g/cm3

Solubility in water: N.A.

Solubility in oil: N.A.

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.

Auto-ignition temperature: N.A.

Decomposition temperature: N.A.

Flammability: N.A.

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 6.40 % ; 69.54 g/l

Particle characteristics:

Particle size: N.A.

Nanoforms: See Nanoform information in Section 3.

9.2. Other information

No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

None in particular.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

nano-3-hydroxy-N-(o-tolyl)-4-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)azo] naphthalene-2-carboxamide	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 5000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative	Mouse

Hydroxyphenyl benzotriazole derivatives	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 5000 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 5.8 mg/l 96h	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Hamster oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Effect Level Oral Rat < 2 mg/kg	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Mouse = 2410 mg/kg	LD50 2 410 - 5 530 mg/kg
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 2764 mg/kg	LD50 2 410 - 5 530 mg/kg
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 1h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rodent = 720 mg/kg	
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1182.7 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat = 6 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 1219 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Corrosive Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative 6h	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse intraperitoneal rout
		Carcinogenicity Oral Negative	Mouse
(Z)-9-octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 21000 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Vapour Rat > 100 mg/m3 6h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No 72h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Skin Rat >= 250 mg/kg	
Quartz	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral > 2000 mg/kg	

1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 450 mg/kg bw	
		ATE - Inhalation (Dust/mist) : 0.21 mg/l	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 670 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Positive	irreversible damage
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 112 mg/kg	
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 1056 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat > 6.89 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	Mouse oral route
		Carcinogenicity Oral Negative	Mouse
	g) reproductive toxicity	Reproductive Toxicity Oral Rat Negative	
Pyrithione zinc	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 221 mg/kg bw	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 269 mg/kg	14 days
		LC50 Inhalation Dust Rat = 0.14 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rat > 2000 mg/kg 24h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative 4h	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat = 0.5 mg/kg	NOAEL
		Carcinogenicity Skin = 5 mg/kg	NOAEL; mouse
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 1.4 mg/kg	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 69 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 141 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat = 0.33 mg/l 4h	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Corrosive Rabbit Positive	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Positive	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Negative	

		Carcinogenicity Skin Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 22.7 mg/kg	
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 7712 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat > 2.5 mg/l 6h	
		LD50 Skin Mouse > 3500 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Negative	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit No 24h	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Negative	
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	Oral route
		Carcinogenicity Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat > 1000 mg/kg	
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	a) acute toxicity	ATE - Oral : 125 mg/kg bw	
		ATE - Dermal : 311 mg/kg bw	
		LD50 Oral Rat = 125 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Mist Rat = 0.27 mg/l 4h	
		LD50 Skin Rabbit = 311 mg/kg	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
nano-3-hydroxy-N-(o-tolyl)-4-[(2,4,5-trichlorophenyl)azo]naphthalene-2-carboxamide	CAS: 6535-46-2 - EINECS: 229-440-3	b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 1 mg/L OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test) - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus > 1 mg/L 72h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge > 1000 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Worm Eisenia fetida = 1000 mg/kg OECD Guideline 222 (Earthworm Reproduction Test (Eisenia fetida/Eisenia andrei)) - 56days

Hydroxyphenyl benzotriazole derivatives	EINECS: 400-830-7 - INDEX: 607-176-00-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish freshwater fish = 2.8 mg/L 96h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 freshwater invertebrates = 4 mg/L
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 780 µg/L OECD Guideline 211 (Daphnia magna Reproduction Test) - 21days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae freshwater algae = 9 mg/L 72h
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia foetida > 1000 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests - 14days
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	CAS: 112-34-5 - EINECS: 203-961-6 - INDEX: 603-096-00-8	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Leopomis macrochirus = 1.3 mg/L 96h
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : LC10 Fish freshwater fish = 396 mg/L QSAR model
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 1101 mg/L 48h OECD 202
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : LC10 Daphnia freshwater invertebrates = 112 mg/L protocol: QSAR - 14days
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 100 mg/L 96h OECD201
		c) Bacteria toxicity : EC10 Sludge Activated sludge = 1995 mg/L
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine	CAS: 108-01-0 - EINECS: 203-542-8 - INDEX: 603-047-00-0	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Leuciscus idus = 146.63 mg/L 96h ,,DIN 38412, Part 15
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 98.37 mg/L 48h ,,Directive 79/831/EEC, Annex V, C2
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Scenedesmus subspicatus = 66.08 mg/L 72h
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 10000 mg/L OECD guideline 209
(Z)-9-octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	CAS: 9004-98-2 - EINECS: 500-016-2	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Danio rerio = 108 mg/L 96h ECHA
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 51 mg/L 48h OECD 202
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC20 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.048 mg/L USEPA-TSCA - Duration 21d
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EL50 Algae Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata > 10 mg/L 72h OECD 201
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge sewage sludge > 1000 mg/L 3h OECD guideline 209
		b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC20 Fish Pimephales promelas = 0.249 mg/L
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia fetida > 1000 mg/kg OECD 207
		e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Lepidum sativum, Brassica alba and Triticum aestivum = 100 mg/kg OECD 208
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	CAS: 2634-33-5 - EINECS: 220-120-9 - INDEX: 613-088-00-6	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorynchus mykiss = 2.15 mg/L 96h OECD Guideline 203
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 2.9 mg/L 48h OECD Guideline 202
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae green alga Selenastrum capricornutum freshwater algae = 110 µg/L OECD Guideline 201
		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC50 Worm Eisenia fetida > 410.6 mg/kg OECD Guideline 207 - Duration 14d

		d) Terrestrial toxicity : EC10 soil microorganisms = 263.7 mg/kg - long term a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Sludge activated sludge 10.3 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Triticum aestivum = 200 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	CAS: 55406-53-6 - EINECS: 259-627-5 - INDEX: 616-212-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Sheapshed minnow = 0.067 mg/L 96h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Pimephales promelas = 8.4 µg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 35days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.645 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 49.9 µg/L OECD 202 - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Algae Desmodesmus subspicatus = 53 µg/L 72h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Sludge activated sludge = 44 mg/L 3h OECD Guideline 209 e) Plant toxicity : LC50 Avena sativa = 4.92 mg/kg OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test)
Pyrithione zinc	CAS: 13463-41-7 - EINECS: 236-671-3 - INDEX: 613-333-00-7	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 2.6 µg/L 96h US EPA- 72-1 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 8.2 µg/L US EPA- 72-2 a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Navicula pelliculosa = 3 µg/L dossier ECHA b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Pimephales promelas = 1.22 µg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 28days b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC50 Lemna gibba = 9.6 µg/L EPA OPPTS 850.4400 (Aquatic Plant Toxicity Test using Lemna spp. Tiers I & II)) d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Folsomia candida = 822 mg/kg ISO 11267 (Inhibition of Reproduction of Collembola by Soil Pollutants) e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Tomato, Cucumber, Lettuce, Soybean, Cabbage, Carrot, Oat > 0.49 µg/L USEPA OPPTS 850.4100 d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Avian Northern Bobwhite = 60 mg/kg EPA FIFRA Guideline 71-1 - 14days d) Terrestrial toxicity : NOEC Avian Northern Bobwhite = 31.2 mg/kg EPA FIFRA Guideline 71-1 - 14days
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	CAS: 55965-84-9 - INDEX: 613-167-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Oncorhynchus mykiss = 0.19 mg/L 96h EPA OPP 72-1 (Fish Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish Danio rerio = 0.02 mg/L ,,OECD Guideline 210 (Fish, Early-Life Stage Toxicity Test) - 35days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.16 mg/L 48h EPA OPP 72-2 (Aquatic Invertebrate Acute Toxicity Test) b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Daphnia Daphnia magna = 0.1 mg/L EPA OPP 72-4 (Fish Early Life-Stage and Aquatic Invertebrate Life-Cycle Studies) - 21days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae Skeletonema costatum = 0 mg/L 96h ,,OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test) a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Sludge activated sludge = 4.5 mg/L 3h ,,OECD Guideline 209 (Activated Sludge, Respiration Inhibition Test)

		d) Terrestrial toxicity : LC50 Worm Eisenia fetida = 613 mg/kg ,,OECD Guideline 207 (Earthworm, Acute Toxicity Tests) - 14days e) Plant toxicity : NOEC Trifolium pratense, Oryza sativa, Brassica napus = 1000 mg/L OECD Guideline 208 (Terrestrial Plants Test: Seedling Emergence and Seedling Growth Test) - 21days
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	CAS: 107-21-1 - EINECS: 203-473-3	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Pimephales promelas = 72860 mg/L 96h b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Fish = 15380 mg/L - 7 days b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : NOEC Ceriodaphnia dubia = 8590 mg/L - 7days a) Aquatic acute toxicity : NOEC Algae Pseudokirchnerella subcapitata = 100 mg/L 72h OECD guideline 201
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	CAS: 26530-20-1 - EINECS: 247-761-7 - INDEX: 613-112-00-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish freshwater fish = 0.122 mg/L dossier ECHA b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 Fish = 0.022 mg/L dossier ECHA a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 freshwater invertebrates = 0.181 mg/L dossier ECHA b) Aquatic chronic toxicity : EC10 freshwater invertebrates = 0.035 mg/L dossier ECHA LC50 Algae freshwater algae = 0.15 mg/L

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persitence/Degradability:	Test	Value	Notes:
Hydroxyphenyl benzotriazole derivatives	Non-readily biodegradable		12.000	%; OECD 301B
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Readily biodegradable	Biochemical oxigen demand	91.700	%
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine	Readily biodegradable	Oxygen consumption		OECD guideline 302 C
(Z)-9-octadecen-1-ol ethoxylated	Readily biodegradable	CO2 production	83.600	in 28 days (OECD 301B)
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production		OECD Guideline 301C
3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate; 3-iodoprop-2-yn-1-yl butylcarbamate	Non-readily biodegradable	Oxygen consumption		EU Method C.4-D (Determination of the "Ready" Biodegradability - Manometric Respirometry Test)
Pyrithione zinc	Non-readily biodegradable	CO2 production		OECD 301B CO2evolution
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Non-readily biodegradable			
ethanediol; ethylene glycol	Readily biodegradable	Dissolved organic carbon	90.000	10days
2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Non-readily biodegradable			

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
2-dimethylaminoethanol; N,N-dimethylethanolamine	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	3.162	L/kg ww
1,2-benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one; 1,2-benzisothiazolin-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	6.620	
Pyrithione zinc	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	1.400	
reaction mass of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1)	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	54.000	≤ 54

2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	19.210	L/kg ww

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

N.A.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Technical name: N/A

IMDG-Technical name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: N/A

IMDG-Stowage Note: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 30, 40, 55, 70, 75

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

2: Hazard to waters

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 10.66 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 115.89 g/L

MICRORESINA (A) (not ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 6.40 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 69.54 g/L

REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012

The product is identified as an article treated pursuant to art. 58 of Regulation (EU) no. 528/2012 and subsequent amendments.

Substances included in Regulation (EU) n. 528/2012 (concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products): Nomenclature IUPAC: Mixture of 5-chloro-2-methyl-2H- isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 247-500-7) and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (EINECS 220-239-6) (Mixture of CMIT/MIT)

Nomenclature BPR: C(M)IT/MIT (3:1)

CAS number: 55965-84-9

Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage
Assessment status: Approved
Commission Implementing Regulation (EU) 2016/131 ; Nomenclature IUPAC: octhilinone (ISO); 2-octyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one
Nomenclature BPR: OIT
CAS number: 26530-20-1
Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage
Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress.
Product-type 7: Film preservatives
Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress.
Product-type 8: Film preservatives
Assessment status: Approved
Commission Implementing Regulation EU 2017/1277
Product-type 10: Construction material preservatives
Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Nomenclature IUPAC: 3-iodo-2-propynyl butylcarbamate
Nomenclature BPR: IPBC
CAS number: 55406-53-6
Product-type 6: Preservatives for products during storage
Assessment status: Approved EU 1037/2013
Commission Implementing Regulation
Product-type 7: Film preservatives
Assessment status: Initial application for approval in progress. Competent authority evaluation
Product-type 8: Film preservatives
Assessment status: Approved
Commission Implementing Regulation EU 2015/1728

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol; diethylene glycol monobutyl ether

ethanediol; ethylene glycol

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H330	Fatal if inhaled.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/2/Inhal	Acute Tox. 2	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 2
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/4/Dermal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 4
3.1/4/Oral	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 4
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B

3.2/2	Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, Category 2
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.3/2	Eye Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, Category 2
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1A	Skin Sens. 1A	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1A
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
3.9/1	STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 1
3.9/2	STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity — repeated exposure, Category 2
4.1/A1	Aquatic Acute 1	Acute aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C1	Aquatic Chronic 1	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 1
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.

CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic

COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand

COV: Volatile Organic Compound

CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment

CSR: Chemical Safety Report

DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level

DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.

DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive

DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive

EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration

ECHA: European Chemicals Agency

EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.

ES: Exposure Scenario

GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.

GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

IATA: International Air Transport Association.

IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).

IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration

ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.

ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).

IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.

INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information

Exposure Scenario
Ethane-1,2-diol

Exposure Scenario, 09/08/2021

Substance identity	
	Ethane-1,2-diol
CAS No.	107-21-1
INDEX No.	603-027-00-1
EINECS No.	203-473-3
Registration number	01-2119456816-28

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b)

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Various products (PC9a, PC9b)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Use in coatings - Use in rigid foams, coatings, adhesives and sealants
Date - Version	09/08/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a) - Fillers, putties, plasters, modelling clay (PC9b)

Environment Contributing Scenario	
CS1	ERC8d

Worker Contributing Scenario	
CS2 Material transfers	PROC8a
CS3 Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS4 Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11
CS5 Handling and dilution of concentrates	PROC19

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8d)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor) (ERC8d)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Amounts used:
Daily amount per site = 5479 kg

Release type: Continuous release

Emission days: 365 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Control measures to prevent releases

Municipal sewage treatment plant is assumed.	Air - minimum efficiency of: = 95 % Water - minimum efficiency of: = 87 %

Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

Waste treatment
Contain and dispose of waste according to local regulations.

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Local marine water dilution factor: 100
Local freshwater dilution factor: 10

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Exposure duration < 8 h

Frequency:
Use frequency < 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection
Wear suitable respiratory protection.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Exposure duration < 8 h

Frequency:
Use frequency < 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

operation conditions followed.	

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with ''basic'' employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Process Categories	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Amounts used:
Application rate 0.05 L/min

Duration:
Exposure duration < 150 min

Frequency:
Use frequency < 5 days per week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour).
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with ''basic'' employee training. Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 80 % Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 40 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Room size: Covers use in room size of < 1000 m³
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.
Body parts exposed:
Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands and forearms.

1.2. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Handling and dilution of concentrates (PROC19)

Process Categories	Manual activities involving hand contact (PROC19)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Exposure duration < 15 min

Frequency:

Use frequency < 240 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide extract ventilation to points where emissions occur. Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: 80 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with ''basic'' employee training.	Dermal - minimum efficiency of: 90 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use

Professional use

Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

Body parts exposed:

Assumes that potential dermal contact is limited to hands.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 12.94 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.37
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 13.71 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.01

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 12.94 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.37
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 2.74 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.03

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 14.05 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.4
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 53.75 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.51

1.3. CS5: Worker Contributing Scenario: Handling and dilution of concentrates (PROC19)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, long-term	= 6.47 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.18
dermal, systemic, long-term	= 14.14 mg/kg bw/day	ECETOC TRA worker v2.0	= 0.13

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Exposure Scenario
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol

Exposure Scenario, 13/07/2021

Substance identity	
	2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol
CAS No.	112-34-5
INDEX No.	603-096-00-8
EINECS No.	203-961-6
Registration number	01-2119475104-44

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks
Date - Version	23/03/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

Environment Contributing Scenario	
CS1 Low environmental release	ERC8c - ERC8f

Worker Contributing Scenario	
CS2 Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application - General measures (eye irritants)	PROC10 - PROC9 - PROC13

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) - Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Solid, low dustiness

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00022 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Outdoor use

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Ensure that direction of application is only horizontal or downward. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

Additional conditions human health

Application of solvent-borne or water-borne products

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application - General measures (eye irritants) (PROC10, PROC9, PROC13)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing - Transfer of substance or mixture into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) - Treatment of articles by dipping and pouring (PROC10, PROC9, PROC13)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Solid, high dustiness

Solid, low dustiness

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00022 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours <= 8 h

Frequency:

Use frequency = 230 days per year

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Avoid direct eye contact with product, also via contamination on hands.
Ensure that direct skin contact is avoided.
Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).
For further specification, refer to section 8 of the SDS.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Use suitable eye protection.
Provide employee with skin care programmes.

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Covers indoor and outdoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Additional information on exposure estimation:

As no environmental hazard was identified no environmental-related exposure assessment and risk characterization was performed.

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Surfaces - Wiping - Preparation of material for application - General measures (eye irritants) (PROC10, PROC9, PROC13)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
combined routes, systemic, long-term	N/A	ECETOC TRA worker v3	< 1

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Safety Data Sheet
Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Article 31, Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878
MICRORESINA (B)
Date of first edition: 3/9/2021
Safety Data Sheet dated 27/02/2025
version 4

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Mixture identification:

Trade name: MICRORESINA (B)

Trade code: 001059005 04

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Recommended use: hardener

Uses advised against: All uses other than recommended ones

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: KERAKOLL S.p.A.

Via dell'Artigianato, 9

41049 Sassuolo (MODENA) - ITALY

Tel.+39 0536 816511 Fax. +39 0536816581

safety@kerakoll.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

European emergency phone number 112

Ireland Poison information centre: 01 809 2166 (Daily 8am-10pm) In case of emergency call 999 or 112

Malta In case of emergency call: +356 2395 2000 (24h)

N.A.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification



2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Acute Tox. 4	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin Sens. 1B	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
STOT SE 3	May cause respiratory irritation.
Aquatic Chronic 3	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects:

Nessuno

2.2. Label elements

Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (CLP):

Hazard pictograms and Signal Word



Warning

Hazard statements

H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

P260	Do not breathe vapours.

P280	Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.
P501	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

Contains

Blocked Polyisocyanate Based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (HDI)

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Copolymer of hexane-1,6-diisocyanate, methanol and oxirane

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

Two-pack reactive performance coatings for specific end use such as floors

EU limit value for this product (cat. A/j): 140 g/l

This product contains max 109.80 g/l VOC.

Special provisions according to Annex XVII of REACH and subsequent amendments:

As from 24 August 2023 adequate training is required before industrial or professional use.

2.3. Other hazards

No PBT, vPvB or endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

No other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

N.A.

3.2. Mixtures

Mixture identification: MICRORESINA (B)

Hazardous components within the meaning of the CLP regulation and related classification:

Qty	Name	Ident. Numb.	Classification	Registration Number
≥20-<50 %	Blocked Polyisocyanate Based on Hexamethylene Diisocyanate (HDI)	CAS:666723-27-9	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412, M-Chronic:1	
≥20-<50 %	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers	CAS:28182-81-2 EC:500-060-2	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1, H317; STOT SE 3, H335	01-2119485796-17
≥10-<20 %	Copolymer of hexane-1,6-diisocyanate, methanol and oxirane	CAS:160994-68-3 EC:679-501-7	Acute Tox. 4, H332; Skin Sens. 1B, H317; STOT SE 3, H335; Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	
≥0.3-<0.5 %	Cyclohexyldimethylamine	CAS:98-94-2 EC:202-715-5	Flam. Liq. 3, H226; Acute Tox. 3, H301; Acute Tox. 3, H311; Acute Tox. 3, H331; Skin Corr. 1B, H314; Eye Dam. 1, H318; Aquatic Chronic 2, H411, M-Chronic:1	01-2119533030-60

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Remove contaminated clothing immediatley and dispose off safely.

In case of eyes contact:

Wash immediately with water.

In case of Ingestion:

Do not induce vomiting, get medical attention showing the SDS and label hazardous.

In case of Inhalation:

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

In case of inhalation, consult a doctor immediately and show him packing or label.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

After skin contact, this substance may give a hypersensitivity reaction in the skin when it is exposed to sunlight. Analgesic. Addictive. Phototoxic

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible).
Treatment: In the case of spasms: diazepam intravenously. Treat symptomatically. Where appropriate artificial ventilation

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media:

Water.

Carbon dioxide (CO_2).

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

None in particular.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases.

Burning produces heavy smoke.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Use suitable breathing apparatus .

Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains.

Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non emergency personnel:

Wear personal protection equipment.

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dusts/aerosols.

Provide adequate ventilation.

Use appropriate respiratory protection.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

For emergency responders:

Wear personal protection equipment.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains.

Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Wash with plenty of water.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See also section 8 and 13

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists.

Use localized ventilation system.

Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned.

Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Incompatible materials:

None in particular.

Instructions as regards storage premises:

Adequately ventilated premises.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Recommendation(s)

Industrial sector specific solutions:

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Community Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

	OEL Type	Country	Occupational Exposure Limit
MICRORESINA (B)	ITA	ITALY	Long Term: 0.034 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm (8h)
Cyclohexyldimethylamine CAS: 98-94-2	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 5 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 10 mg/m3 D, I Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
Hexamethylene Diisocynate CAS: 822-06-0	NATIONAL	AUSTRALIA	See isocynates, all
	NATIONAL	ITALY	Long Term: 1 mg/m3 (8h) Source: D.Lgs81/2008
	ACGIH		Long Term: 0.005 ppm (8h) URT irr, resp sens
	NATIONAL	AUSTRIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm Mow, MAK, Sah Source: BGBl. II Nr. 156/2021
	NATIONAL	BULGARIA	Long Term: 0.1 mg/m3 Source: НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г.
	NATIONAL	CZECHIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.07 mg/m3 I, S Source: Nařízení vlády č. 361-2007 Sb
	NATIONAL	DENMARK	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm Source: BEK nr 2203 af 29/11/2021
	NATIONAL	ESTONIA	Long Term: 0.03 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.07 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm S, * Source: Vabariigi Valitsuse, 20. märtsi 2001. a määrus nr 105
	NATIONAL	FRANCE	Long Term: 0.075 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm; Short Term: 0.15 mg/m3 - 0.02 ppm Risques d'allergie respiratoire. La VLEP CT est définie sur une période de référence de 5 minute. Source: INRS outil65
	NATIONAL	HUNGARY	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.035 mg/m3 i, sz, T Source: 5/2020. (II. 6.) ITM rendelet
	NATIONAL	LATVIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 Source: KN325P1
	NATIONAL	LITHUANIA	Long Term: 0.03 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: Ceiling - 0.07 mg/m3 - 0.01 ppm Ū J, Nustatytas 5 min. poveikio trukmės NRD. Tas pats RD, išreikštas ppm, taikomas izocianatams, kurių RD nenustatytas. Ši nuostata taikoma ir dulkių ar lašelių (aerozolių) pavidalo izocianatams, įskaitant prepolimerizuotus izocianatus (aduktus). Tačiau skirtingų medžiagų RD, išreikšti mg/m3, yra skirtingi. Source: 2011 m. rugsėjo 1 d. Nr. V-824/A1-389
	NATIONAL	NORWAY	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm A 4 Source: FOR-2021-06-28-2248
	NATIONAL	POLAND	Long Term: 0.04 mg/m3; Short Term: 0.08 mg/m3 skóra Source: Dz.U. 2018 poz. 1286
	NATIONAL	SLOVAKIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm S Source: 355 NARIADENIE VLÁDY z 10. mája 2006
	NATIONAL	SWEDEN	Long Term: 0.02 mg/m3 - 0.002 ppm; Short Term: 0.03 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm M, S, 2 Source: AFS 2021:3
	SUVA	SWITZERLAND	B, La substance peut être présente sous forme de vapeur et d'aérosol en même temps / Der Stoff kann gleichzeitig als Dampf und Aerosol vorliegen Source: suva.ch/valeurs-limites
	NATIONAL	BELGIUM	Long Term: 0.034 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm Source: Code du bien-être au travail, Livre VI, Titre 1er, Annexe VI.1-1

NATIONAL	GERMANY	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm DFG, 11, 12, Sa, 1;=2=(I) Source: TRGS 900
NATIONAL	IRELAND	Long Term: 0.005 ppm Sens. Source: 2021 Code of Practice
NATIONAL	ROMANIA	Long Term: 0.05 mg/m3 - 0.007 ppm; Short Term: 1 mg/m3 - 0.14 ppm Source: Republicarea 1 - nr. 743 din 29 iulie 2021
NATIONAL	SLOVENIA	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm; Short Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm BAT Source: UL št. 72, 11. 5. 2021
NATIONAL	SPAIN	Long Term: 0.035 mg/m3 - 0.005 ppm Sen Source: LEP 2022

Predicted No Effect Concentration (PNEC) values

Cyclohexyldimethylamine CAS: 98-94-2	Exposure Route: Microorganisms in sewage treatments; PNEC Limit: 20.6 mg/l
	Exposure Route: Fresh Water; PNEC Limit: 2 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Intermittent releases (fresh water); PNEC Limit: 20 µg/l
	Exposure Route: Marine water; PNEC Limit: 200 ng/L
	Exposure Route: Freshwater sediments; PNEC Limit: 21.1 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Marine water sediments; PNEC Limit: 2.11 µg/kg
	Exposure Route: Soil; PNEC Limit: 3.05 µg/kg

Derived No Effect Level (DNEL) values

Cyclohexyldimethylamine CAS: 98-94-2	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 530 µg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, local effects Worker Professional: 8.3 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Inhalation; Exposure Frequency: Short Term, local effects Worker Professional: 8.3 mg/m³
	Exposure Route: Human Dermal; Exposure Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects Worker Professional: 600 µg/kg

8.2. Exposure controls

Eye protection:

Eye glasses with side protection.(EN166)

Protection for skin:

Chemical protection clothing. Safety shoes.

Protection for hands:

Protection for hands:

Suitable materials for safety gloves; EN 374:

Nitrile rubber - NBR: thickness ≥0,35mm; breakthrough time ≥480min.

Respiratory protection:

Full face piece with gas filter type A .

Thermal Hazards:

Not expected if used as intended

Environmental exposure controls:

Prevent the product from entering sewers or surface and underground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state: Liquid

Colour: Colourless

Odour: Characteristic

Odour threshold: N.A.

pH: N.A.

Kinematic viscosity: N.A.

Melting point/freezing point: N.A.

Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range: 101 °C (214 °F)
Flash point: 65 °C (149 °F)
Lower and upper explosion limit: N.A.
Relative vapour density: N.A.
Vapour pressure: 15.00 hPa
Density and/or relative density: 1.10 g/cm3
Solubility in water: N.A.
Solubility in oil: N.A.
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value): N.A.
Auto-ignition temperature: 165.00 °C
Decomposition temperature: N.A.
Flammability: N.A.
Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 30 % ; 329.7 g/l
Particle characteristics:
Particle size: N.A.

9.2. Other information

Viscosity: 300.00 cPo
No other relevant information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

Stable under normal conditions

10.2. Chemical stability

Data not available.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions.

10.5. Incompatible materials

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

None.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

devo scrivere qualcosa

Toxicological Information of the Preparation

a) acute toxicity	The product is classified: Acute Tox. 4(H332)
b) skin corrosion/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
c) serious eye damage/irritation	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	The product is classified: Skin Sens. 1B(H317)
e) germ cell mutagenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
f) carcinogenicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
g) reproductive toxicity	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
h) STOT-single exposure	The product is classified: STOT SE 3(H335)
i) STOT-repeated exposure	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met
j) aspiration hazard	Not classified
	Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met

Toxicological information on main components of the mixture:

Copolymer of hexane-1, 6-diisocyanate, methanol and oxirane	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat > 2000 mg/kg
		LC50 Inhalation of aerosol Rat = 1.5 mg/l 4h

	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Guineapig Positive	
Cyclohexyldimethylamine	a) acute toxicity	LD50 Oral Rat = 272 mg/kg	
		LD50 Skin Rat = 380 mg/kg	
		LC50 Inhalation Rat > 1700 mg/m3	
	b) skin corrosion/irritation	Skin Irritant Rabbit Positive	
	c) serious eye damage/irritation	Eye Irritant Rabbit Yes	
	d) respiratory or skin sensitisation	Skin Sensitization Negative	Mouse
	f) carcinogenicity	Genotoxicity Rat Negative	
		Carcinogenicity Oral Rat Negative	
	g) reproductive toxicity	No Observed Adverse Effect Level Oral Rat = 100 mg/kg	

(sub-acute to chronic)

Component	Description
MICRORESINA (B)	devo scrivere qualcosa

11.2. Information on other hazards

Endocrine disrupting properties:

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment.

Eco-Toxicological Information:

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the product

The product is classified: Aquatic Chronic 3(H412)

List of Eco-Toxicological properties of the components

Component	Ident. Numb.	Ecotox Data
Cyclohexyldimethylamine	CAS: 98-94-2 - EINECS: 202-715-5	a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Fish Leuciscus idus L., Golden variety = 28 mg/L 96h OECD 203
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : LC50 Daphnia Daphnia magna = 75 mg/L 48h OECD 203
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC50 Algae freshwater algae = 2 mg/L 72h German Standard DIN 38412
		a) Aquatic acute toxicity : EC10 Algae freshwater algae = 0.078 mg/L 72h German Standard DIN 38412
		c) Bacteria toxicity : EC50 Pseudomonas putida = 206 mg/L - 17h
		c) Bacteria toxicity : EC10 Pseudomonas putida 137.4 mg/L - 17h

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Component	Persitence/Degradability:	Value	Notes:
Cyclohexyldimethylamine	Readily biodegradable	95.000	%

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Component	Bioaccumulation	Test	Value	Notes:
Cyclohexyldimethylamine	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	19.840	Based on a measured log Pow of 2.01. from the equation log BCF=0.76*logPow-0.23

	Bioaccumulative	BCF - Bioconcentrantion factor	35.660	Based on a measured log Pow of 2.01. from the equation log BCF=2.791-0.564logS

12.4. Mobility in soil

N.A.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No PBT or vPvB substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

No endocrine disruptor substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

12.7. Other adverse effects

It is phytotoxic to plants.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Recover if possible. In so doing, comply with the local and national regulations currently in force. Disposal through discharge into wastewater is not permitted

A waste code according to the European List of Wastes (LoW) cannot be specified, due to dependence on the usage. Contact an authorized waste disposal service.

The product disposed of as such, pursuant to Regulation (EU) 1357/2014, must be classified as hazardous waste

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations.

14.1. UN number or ID number

N/A

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR-Shipping Name: N/A

IATA-Technical name: N/A

IMDG-Technical name: N/A

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR-Class: N/A

IATA-Class: N/A

IMDG-Class: N/A

14.4. Packing group

ADR-Packing Group: N/A

IATA-Packing group: N/A

IMDG-Packing group: N/A

14.5. Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant: No

Environmental Pollutant: No

IMDG-EMS: N/A

14.6. Special precautions for user

Road and Rail (ADR-RID):

ADR-Label: N/A

ADR - Hazard identification number: N/A

ADR-Special Provisions: N/A

ADR-Transport category (Tunnel restriction code): N/A

ADR Limited Quantities: N/A

ADR Excepted Quantities: N/A

Air (IATA):

IATA-Passenger Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Cargo Aircraft: N/A

IATA-Label: N/A

IATA-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IATA-Erg: N/A

IATA-Special Provisions: N/A

Sea (IMDG):

IMDG-Stowage Code: N/A

IMDG-Stowage Note: N/A

IMDG-Subsidiary hazards: N/A

IMDG-Special Provisions: N/A

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

N.A.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Dir. 98/24/EC (Risks related to chemical agents at work)

Dir. 2000/39/EC (Occupational exposure limit values)

Regulation (EC) n. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Regulation (EC) n. 1272/2008 (CLP)

Regulation (EC) n. 790/2009 (ATP 1 CLP) and (EU) n. 758/2013

Regulation (EU) n. 286/2011 (ATP 2 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 618/2012 (ATP 3 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 487/2013 (ATP 4 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 944/2013 (ATP 5 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 605/2014 (ATP 6 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2015/1221 (ATP 7 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/918 (ATP 8 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2016/1179 (ATP 9 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2017/776 (ATP 10 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/669 (ATP 11 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2018/1480 (ATP 13 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2019/521 (ATP 12 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/217 (ATP 14 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/1182 (ATP 15 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/643 (ATP 16 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2021/849 (ATP 17 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2022/692 (ATP 18 CLP)

Regulation (EU) n. 2020/878

Regulation (EC) nr 648/2004 (Detergents).

Restrictions related to the product or the substances contained according to Annex XVII Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) and subsequent modifications:

Restrictions related to the product: 3

Restrictions related to the substances contained: 40, 74

Provisions related to directive EU 2012/18 (Seveso III):

None

Explosives precursors – Regulation 2019/1148

No substances listed

Regulation (EU) No 649/2012 (PIC regulation)

No substances listed

German Water Hazard Class.

3: Severe hazard to waters

German Lagerklasse according to TRGS 510:

LGK 10

SVHC Substances:

No SVHC substances present in concentration >= 0.1%

Dir. 2004/42/EC (VOC directive)

(ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 10.10 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 109.80 g/L

MICRORESINA (B) (not ready to use)

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 30.00 %

Volatile Organic compounds - VOCs = 329.70 g/L

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for the mixture.

Substances for which a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out:

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Cyclohexyldimethylamine

SECTION 16: Other information

Code	Description
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Code	Hazard class and hazard category	Description
2.6/3	Flam. Liq. 3	Flammable liquid, Category 3
3.1/3/Dermal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (dermal), Category 3
3.1/3/Inhal	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 3
3.1/3/Oral	Acute Tox. 3	Acute toxicity (oral), Category 3
3.1/4/Inhal	Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity (inhalation), Category 4
3.2/1B	Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, Category 1B
3.3/1	Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage, Category 1
3.4.2/1	Skin Sens. 1	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1
3.4.2/1B	Skin Sens. 1B	Skin Sensitisation, Category 1B
3.8/3	STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity — single exposure, Category 3
4.1/C2	Aquatic Chronic 2	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 2
4.1/C3	Aquatic Chronic 3	Chronic (long term) aquatic hazard, category 3

Classification and procedure used to derive the classification for mixtures according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 [CLP]:

Classification according to Regulation (EC) Nr. 1272/2008	Classification procedure
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method
Skin Sens. 1B, H317	Calculation method
STOT SE 3, H335	Calculation method
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

The information contained herein is based on our state of knowledge at the above-specified date. It refers solely to the product indicated and constitutes no guarantee of particular quality.

It is the duty of the user to ensure that this information is appropriate and complete with respect to the specific use intended.

This MSDS cancels and replaces any preceding release.

Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet:

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

ADR: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.

AND: European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterways

ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate

ATEmix: Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures)

BCF: Biological Concentration Factor

BEI: Biological Exposure Index

BOD: Biochemical Oxygen Demand

CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society).

CAV: Poison Center

CE: European Community

CLP: Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
CMR: Carcinogenic, Mutagenic and Reprotoxic
COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand
COV: Volatile Organic Compound
CSA: Chemical Safety Assessment
CSR: Chemical Safety Report
DMEL: Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL: Derived No Effect Level.
DPD: Dangerous Preparations Directive
DSD: Dangerous Substances Directive
EC50: Half Maximal Effective Concentration
ECHA: European Chemicals Agency
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.
ES: Exposure Scenario
GefStoffVO: Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS: Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
IATA: International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR: Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
IC50: half maximal inhibitory concentration
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organization.
ICAO-TI: Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI: International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
IRCCS: Scientific Institute for Research, Hospitalization and Health Care
KAFH: Keep Away From Heat
KSt: Explosion coefficient.
LC50: Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50: Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
LDLo: Leathal Dose Low
N.A.: Not Applicable
N/A: Not Applicable
N/D: Not defined/ Not available
NA: Not available
NIOSH: National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health
NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
OSHA: Occupational Safety and Health Administration
PBT: Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PGK: Packaging Instruction
PNEC: Predicted No Effect Concentration.
PSG: Passengers
RID: Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL: Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT: Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV: Threshold Limiting Value.
TWATLV: Threshold Limit Value for the Time Weighted Average 8 hour day. (ACGIH Standard).
vPvB: Very Persistent, Very Bioaccumulative.
WGK: German Water Hazard Class.

Paragraphs modified from the previous revision:

- SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking
- SECTION 2: Hazards identification
- SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients
- SECTION 7: Handling and storage
- SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection
- SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties
- SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity
- SECTION 11: Toxicological information
- SECTION 12: Ecological information
- SECTION 13: Disposal considerations
- SECTION 14: Transport information
- SECTION 15: Regulatory information
- SECTION 16: Other information

Exposure Scenario

Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers

Exposure Scenario, 08/06/2021

Substance identity	
	Hexamethylene diisocyanate, oligomers
CAS No.	28182-81-2
EINECS No.	500-060-2
Registration number	01-2119485796-17

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1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Dye - Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller - Professional application of coatings and inks
Date - Version	08/06/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Professional uses (SU22)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)
Article Category(ies)	Stone, plaster, cement, glass and ceramic articles: Large surface area articles (AC4a) - Other articles made of stone, plaster, cement, glass or ceramic (AC4g)

Environment Contributing Scenario	
CS1	ERC8c - ERC8f

Worker Contributing Scenario	
CS2 Mixing operations - Material transfers	PROC8a
CS3 Surfaces - Rolling, Brushing	PROC10
CS4 Surfaces - Roller, spreader, flow application	PROC11

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) - Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (outdoor) (ERC8c, ERC8f)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Vapour pressure:

= 0.00246 Pa

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Amounts used:

Daily amount per site 50 tonnes/day

Release type: Intermittent release

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Control measures to prevent releases

No discharge of substance into waste water

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

STP type:

Municipal Sewage Treatment Plant

Water - minimum efficiency of: = 100 %

STP effluent (m³/day): 2000

Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)

Waste treatment

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

Receiving surface water flow: 18000 m³/day

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Material transfers (PROC8a)

Process Categories	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00246 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Use of an integrated local exhaust ventilation is required.
Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 90 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Room size: = 300 m^3
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 40°C

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00246 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:

Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Use of an integrated local exhaust ventilation is required.
Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear suitable respiratory protection.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 90 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Room size: = 300 m³
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures. 40°C

1.2. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Process Categories	Non industrial spraying (PROC11)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 0,5 kPa at STP

Vapour pressure:
Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure = 0.00246 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Duration:
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
Use of an integrated local exhaust ventilation is required.
Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Wear suitable respiratory protection. Wear a full face respirator conforming to EN136.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 98 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Covers indoor and outdoor use
Professional use
Room size: < 300 m³
Temperature: Assumes use at not more than 20 °C above ambient temperature.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:
Ensure that direction of application is only horizontal or downward.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Mixing operations - Material transfers (PROC8a)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	= 0.07 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.07

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Rolling, Brushing (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	= 0.18 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.18

1.3. CS4: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Roller, spreader, flow application (PROC11)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, short-term	= 0.4 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.4

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Exposure Scenario
Cyclohexyldimethylamine

Exposure Scenario, 20/05/2021

Substance identity	
	Cyclohexyldimethylamine
CAS No.	98-94-2
EINECS No.	202-715-5
Registration number	01-2119533030-60

Table of contents

1. **ES 1** Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a); Various sectors (SU13, SU19)

1. ES 1 Widespread use by professional workers; Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a); Various sectors (SU13, SU19)

1.1 TITLE SECTION

Exposure Scenario name	Professional application of coatings and inks by brush or roller
Date - Version	20/05/2021 - 1.0
Life Cycle Stage	Widespread use by professional workers
Main user group	Professional uses
Sector(s) of use	Formulation [mixing] of preparations and/or re-packaging (SU10) - Professional uses (SU22) - Manufacture of other non-metallic mineral products, e.g. plasters, cement (SU13) - Building and construction work (SU19)
Product Categories	Coatings and paints, thinners, paint removers (PC9a)

Environment Contributing Scenario

CS1 Low environmental release	ERC8c

Worker Contributing Scenario

CS2 Bulk transfers - Mixing operations - Additive premixing - Preparation of material for application	PROC5 - PROC8b
CS3 Surfaces - Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing - no spraying	PROC10

1.2 Conditions of use affecting exposure

1.2. CS1: Environment Contributing Scenario: Low environmental release (ERC8c)

Environmental release categories	Widespread use leading to inclusion into/onto article (indoor) (ERC8c)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:

Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure < 0.003 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:

Covers percentage substance in the product up to 5 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)

Additional conditions environment

Product applied to a substrate to form a solid matrix.

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Control measures to prevent releases

Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Wear suitable respiratory protection. Use long handled brushes and rollers. Supervision in place to check that the risk management measures in place are being used correctly and operation conditions followed. Prevent leaks and prevent soil / water pollution caused by leaks. Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer. Clear spills immediately.

1.2. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Bulk transfers - Mixing operations - Additive premixing - Preparation of material for application (PROC5, PROC8b)

Process Categories	Mixing or blending in batch processes - Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities (PROC5, PROC8b)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:

Liquid, vapour pressure < 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure < 0.003 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Amounts used:
Amount per use > 1 L/day

Duration:
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours < 8 h

Frequency:
Use frequency < 8 h/event

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour). Use long handled brushes and rollers.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios. Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with ''basic'' employee training.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:
Open doors and windows. Wear suitable respiratory protection. Ensure no splashing occurs during transfer. Clear spills immediately.

1.2. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing - no spraying (PROC10)

Process Categories	Roller application or brushing (PROC10)

Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product:
Liquid, vapour pressure < 10 Pa (Standard Temperature and Pressure)

Vapour pressure:
Vapour pressure < 0.01 Pa at standard temperature and pressure < 0.003 Pa

Concentration of substance in product:
Covers percentage substance in the product up to 1 %.

Amount used, frequency and duration of use/exposure

Amounts used:
Amount per use > 1 L/day

Duration:
Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours < 8 h

Frequency:
Use frequency < 8 h/event

Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Technical and organisational measures

Provide a basic standard of general ventilation (1 to 3 air changes per hour).	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Personal protection

Wear chemically resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with ''basic'' employee training. Wear respiratory protection when its use is identified for certain contributing scenarios.	Inhalation - minimum efficiency of: = 80 %

Other conditions affecting worker exposure

Indoor use
Professional use
Temperature: Covers use at ambient temperatures.

Additional good practice advice. Obligations according to Article 37(4) of REACH do not apply.

Additional Good Practice Advice:

Open doors and windows. Wear suitable respiratory protection. Use long handled tools. Use long handled brushes and rollers.

1.3 Exposure estimation and reference to its source

1.3. CS2: Worker Contributing Scenario: Bulk transfers - Mixing operations - Additive premixing - Preparation of material for application (PROC5, PROC8b)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, long-term	= 0.456 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.912
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 0.456 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.456

1.3. CS3: Worker Contributing Scenario: Surfaces - Large surfaces - Rolling, Brushing - no spraying (PROC10)

Exposure route, Health effect, Exposure indicator	Exposure level	Calculation method	Risk Characterization Ratio (RCR)
inhalative, local, long-term	= 0.18 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.36
inhalative, systemic, long-term	= 0.18 mg/m³	ECETOC TRA worker v3	= 0.18

Additional information on exposure estimation:

If repeated and/or prolonged skin exposure to the substance is likely, then wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

1.4 Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Guidance to check compliance with the exposure scenario:

Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.